

OTP Group – Strong results and capital yield high returns

Investor presentation

Based on 3Q 2024 results

OTP Group - Highlights



Dominant position in 5 countries; 3.5-fold loan growth and 11 acquisitions in 7 years. 44% of net loans in Eurozone + ERM2 countries, 77% within the EU

Outstanding profitability:

ROE exceeded 27% in 2023 and reached 24.9% in 1-9M 2024



Net LTD 73%, wholesale debt to asset ratio 7%, LCR ratio 231%

Stable capital position:

CET1 19.1%, MREL 29.3%, leverage ratio 10.6%, 4th best result on the EBA stress test

Strong portfolio quality:

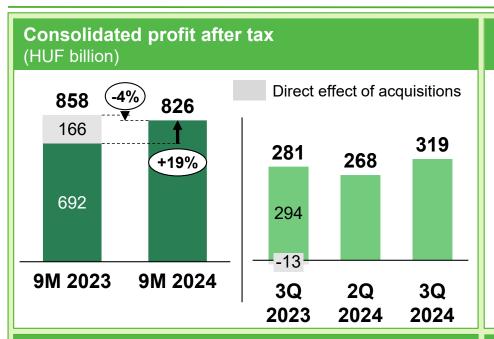
The 34 bps credit risk cost rate in 2023 moderated to 18 bps in 1-9M 2024, with Stage 3 ratio declining by 0.3 pp ytd to 4.0%

Commitment to ESG

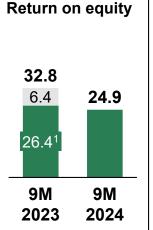


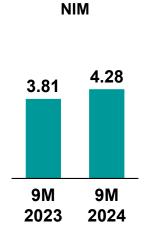


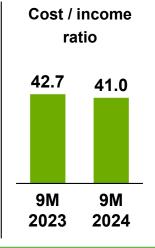
OTP Group's first-nine months profit after tax increased by 19% y-o-y without the HUF 166 billion positive one-off effect of the acquisitions completed in 2023

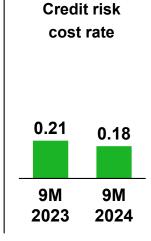


Key performance indicators of OTP Group (%)









Direct effects of acquisitions in 9M 2023

HUF billion	1Q 23	2Q 23	3Q 23	9M 23
Total, after tax	89	91	-13	166
Direct effect of the Nova KBM acquisition	89			89
Direct effect of the Ipoteka acquisition		91	-13	77

M&A developments

Romanian bank took place on 30 July; as a result, neither its balance sheet nor its profit is part of the Group's results since July. 3Q one-off P&L impact was +HUF 10.5 billion, CET1 effect +53 bps. The legal merger of the two Slovenian SKB and NKBM banks. was successfully closed in 3Q, followed by the conclusion of the operational fusion. Currently there is no information about significant transactions to be announced publicly. Nevertheless, the Bank keeps on looking into potentially value creating acquisition opportunities.

The financial closing of the sale of the

9M 2024, from profit after tax Hungarian 69% Foreign



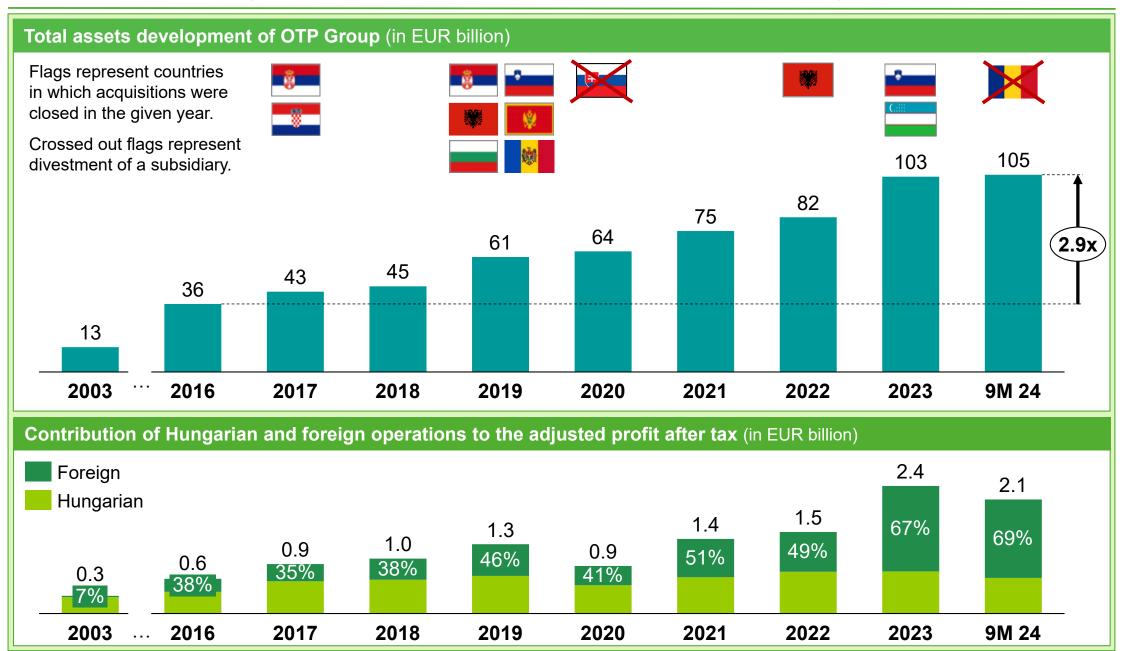
¹ Without the HUF 166 billion positive one-off direct effect of the acquisitions completed in the first nine months of 2023.

In 9M 2024 the profit after tax increased by 14% organically, while the q-o-q improvement reached 15%

Consolidated P&L (in HUF billion)	2023	9M 2023	9M 2024	Y-o-Y FX-adj., organic ¹	2Q 2024	3Q 2024	Q-o-Q FX-adj., w/o OBR
Net interest income	1,462	1,036	1,322	25%	442	444	3%
Net fees and commissions	478	346	397	14%	139	137	0%
Other net non-interest income	306	239	209	-18%	73	94	17%
Total income	2,246	1,621	1,928	16%	654	676	4%
Personnel expenses	-506	-354	-410	14%	-143	-137	0%
Depreciation	-100	-74	-87	18%	-30	-30	5%
Other expenses	-373	-266	-294	10%	-94	-93	2%
Operating expenses	-980	-693	-791	13%	-267	-261	2%
Operating profit	1,266	929	1,137	18%	387	415	6%
Provision for impairment on loan losses	-72	-33	-31	3%	-26	-15	-39%
Other risk cost	-15	-6	-35		-20	-12	-37%
Total risk cost	-87	-39	-66	177%	-46	-27	-38%
Profit before tax	1,179	889	1,071	15%	341	389	12%
Taxes ²	-274	-198	-245	16%	-73	-70	-2%
Adjusted profit after tax	905	692	826	14%	268	319	15%
Direct effect of acquisitions and the loss on the sale of Romania (after tax)	86	166	0	-100%	0	0	
Profit after tax	990	858	826	-11%	268	319	15%
Main consolidated performance indicators	2023	9M 2023	9M 2024	Y-o-Y	2Q 2024	3Q 2024	Q-o-Q
ROE	27.2%	32.8%	24.9%	-7.9%p	24.4%	27.2%	2.8%p
ROE, adjusted	24.9%	26.4%	24.9%	-1.6%p	24.4%	27.2%	2.8%p
Performing loan growth (FX-adjusted)	+20%/+6%3	+18%/+4%3	+1%/+7%4		+3%	-3%/+2%4	
Net interest margin	3.93%	3.81%	4.28%	0.47%p	4.27%	4.26%	-0.01%p
Cost / Income ratio	43.6%	42.7%	41.0%	-1.7%p	40.8%	38.5%	-2.3%p
Credit risk cost ratio	0.34%	0.21%	0.18%	-0.03%p	0.45%	0.25%	-0.20%p

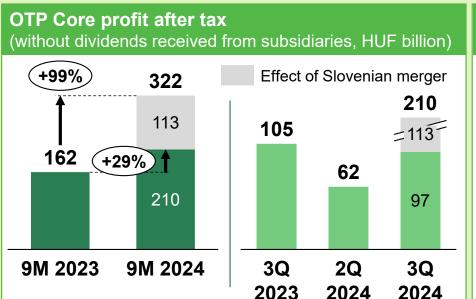
Without the Ipoteka Bank acquisition and the sale of OTP Bank Romania.
 Corporate income tax, banking taxes (excluding FTT), Hungarian local business tax and innovation contribution, tax on dividend payments by subs.
 Without the Nova KBM and Ipoteka Bank acquisitions.
 Without the sale of OTP Bank Romania.

OTP Group's total assets exceeded EUR 100 billion driven by successful acquisitions and dynamic organic growth. Profit contribution of foreign subsidiaries showed a trend-like increase over the last several years and hit 69% in 9M 2024

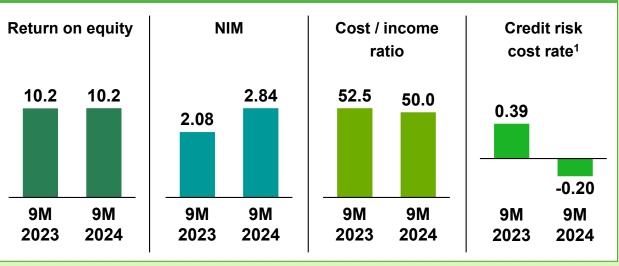




OTP Core realized HUF 210 billion profit after tax in 9M 2024, +29% y-o-y, without dividends received from subsidiaries and the HUF 113 billion one-off positive effect of the Slovenian merger



Key performance indicators of OTP Core (adjusted, %)



Main one-off items at OTP Core

3Q 2024 in total, HUF billion	124
Slovenian merger	113
Fair value adjustment of baby loans and subsidized housing loans (CSOK)	16
Impairment on Russian bonds	-5

Special levies imposed by the State on Hungarian Group members

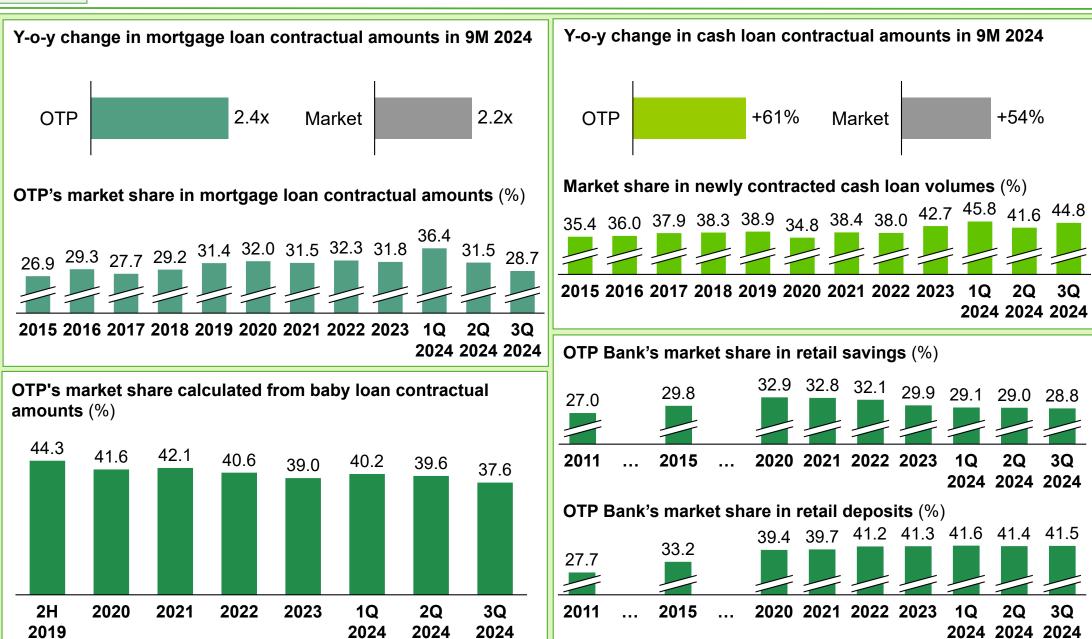
gross, HUF billion	2020	2021	2022	2023	9M 23	9M 24	2024E
Total	110	106	229	195	161	129	168
Banking tax	19	21	22	28	28	31	31
Windfall tax	-	-	75	41	41	8	7
Transaction tax	62	69	90	98	74	84	124
Rate cap	-	-	40	28	19	6	6
Moratorium	29	17	3	-	-	-	-

¹ A negative Credit risk cost rate implies a positive amount of provision for impairment on loan and placement losses (release).





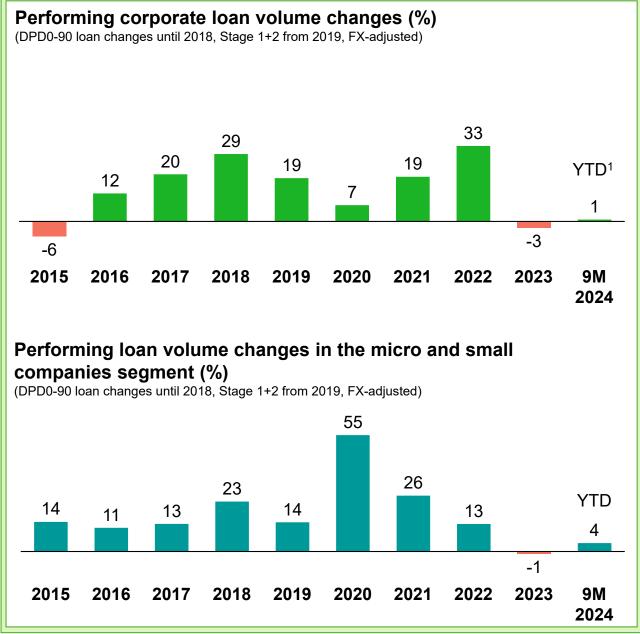
In 9M 2024, mortgage loan contractual amounts at OTP Bank increased by almost two and a half times, while cash loan contractual amounts grew more than 60%

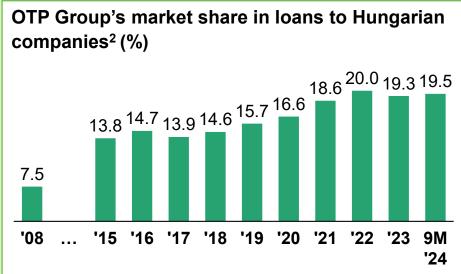


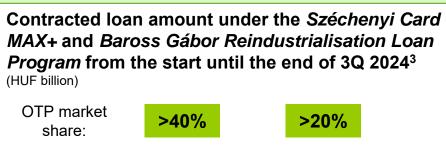


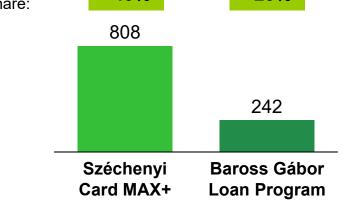


Demand for medium and large corporate loans remained modest, but the stock already grew 1% ytd. Micro and small enterprises loans expanded by 4%











In the first nine months 2024, foreign subsidiaries continued to deliver decent performance

	Profit after tax ¹ 9M 2023	(HUF billion) 9M 2024	ROE 9M 2023	¹ 9M 2024	Cost / in 9M 2023	come ratio 9M 2024
DSK Group (Bulgaria)	150		147 26%	22%	32%	33%
OTP Bank Slovenia	75	83	19%	16%	39%	42%
TOTP Bank Croatia	45	51	16%	16%	46%	47%
OTP Bank Serbia	41	61	16%	21%	38%	37%
🛶 Ipoteka Bank (Uzbekistan)	1	42	1%	34%	32%	34%
OTP Bank Ukraine	52	42	50%	32%	27%	32%
CKB Group (Montenegro)	17	18	22%	22%	39%	38%
OTP Bank Albania	9	15	18%	22%	53%	42%
🦒 OTP Bank Moldova	12	10	28%	19%	45%	50%
OTP Bank Russia	73	91	34%	40%	32%	28%

¹ Adjusted.



9M net interest income grew 25% y-o-y organically and FX-adjusted. The 3% q-o-q growth was driven by improving Hungarian margins, volume expansion in Bulgaria and Croatia, and positive one-offs in Uzbekistan



NET IN	ITEREST ME	9M 2024 (HUF billion)	3Q 2024 (HUF billion)		9M 202		3		4 Q-o-Q billion)
© 0	TP Group	1,322	444	2	245 ¹ 286	28%/25% ²	-13-	<mark>15</mark> 2	0%/3%3
	TP CORE Hungary)	428	148		134	45%		5	3%
	SK Group Bulgaria)	197	68		32	19%		3	4% 2
	DBS Slovenia)	144	46		27	23%	-2		-5%
- U - U	DBH Croatia)	77	27		11	16%		2	7%
(TUTAL)	DBSrb Serbia)	86	29		10	13%		1	3%
	ooteka Bank Jzbekistan)	83	30	1-	54	187%/3% ¹		4	16% 3
)BU Jkraine)	67	22	-3		-5%	0		-1%
A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	KB Group Montenegro)	26	9		5	21%		0	4%
4)BA Albania)	25	8		5	23%	0		-1%
105	DBM Moldova)	11	4	-2		-14%	0		-9%
M)BRu Russia)	130	48		40	44%		6	13%
1 1	lerkantil Hungary)	18	5	-3		-12%	-1		-10%
O	thers	2	0	-10		-81%	-1		-65%

1) The 45% y-o-y jump in **OTP Core** NII owed partly to the depressed margin in the base period. Also, the growing weight of retail deposits played a role.

The 3% q-o-q increase was induced by the growth in the average volume of retail deposits. Moreover, the redemptions of EUR 500 million subordinated bonds and EUR 400 million green SP bonds in July reduced 3Q interest expenditures.

Expanding volumes and improving margins resulted in increasing 9M NII in EUR linked countries.

In 3Q, margins eroded q-o-q in these countries, but NII grew at DSK and Croatia due to volume growth. As for the q-o-q decline in Slovenia, NKBM redeemed a Tier2 bond, triggering a -HUF 2.2 bn negative revaluation effect due to the fair value change of this liability between the NKBM acquisition and the prepayment triggered by benchmark yield moves.

In 3Q, **Uzbek** NII was driven by one-offs: a Stage 3 corporate loan repayment (+HUF 2.6 billion NII effect) and +HUF 2 billion effect as interest income on exposures with zero net book value under local accounting rules, but higher than zero net book value under IFRS was not recorded previously, but in 3Q, such revenues were accounted in a lump sum.

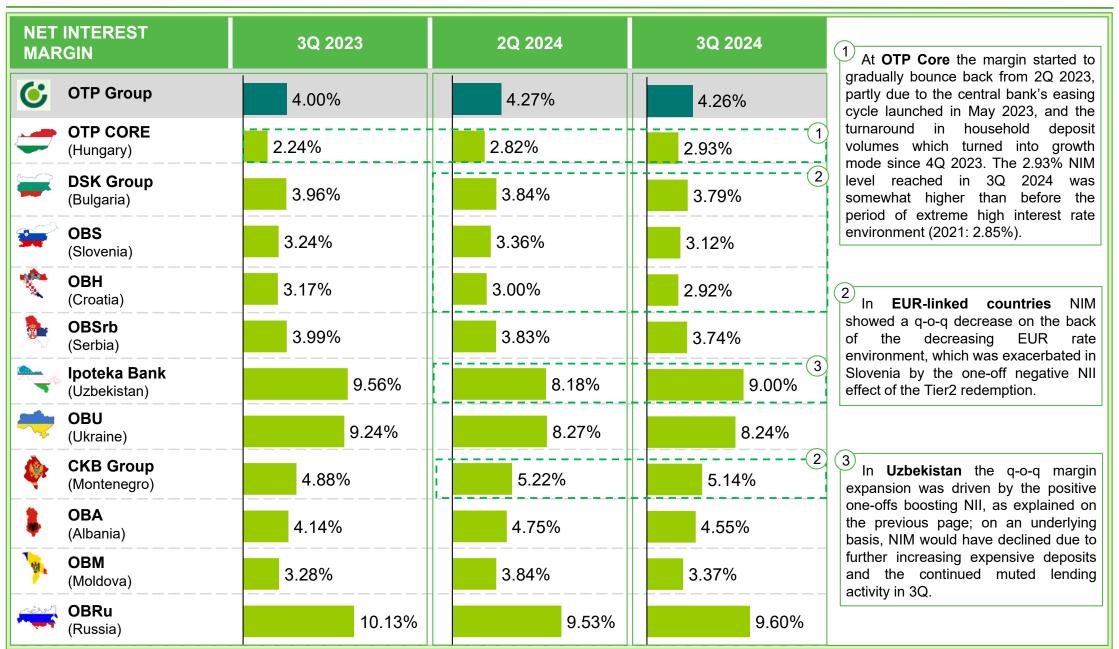


Given that Ipoteka Bank's 1H 2023 results were not yet included into the Group, these changes represent Ipoteka Bank's 3Q y-o-y changes.

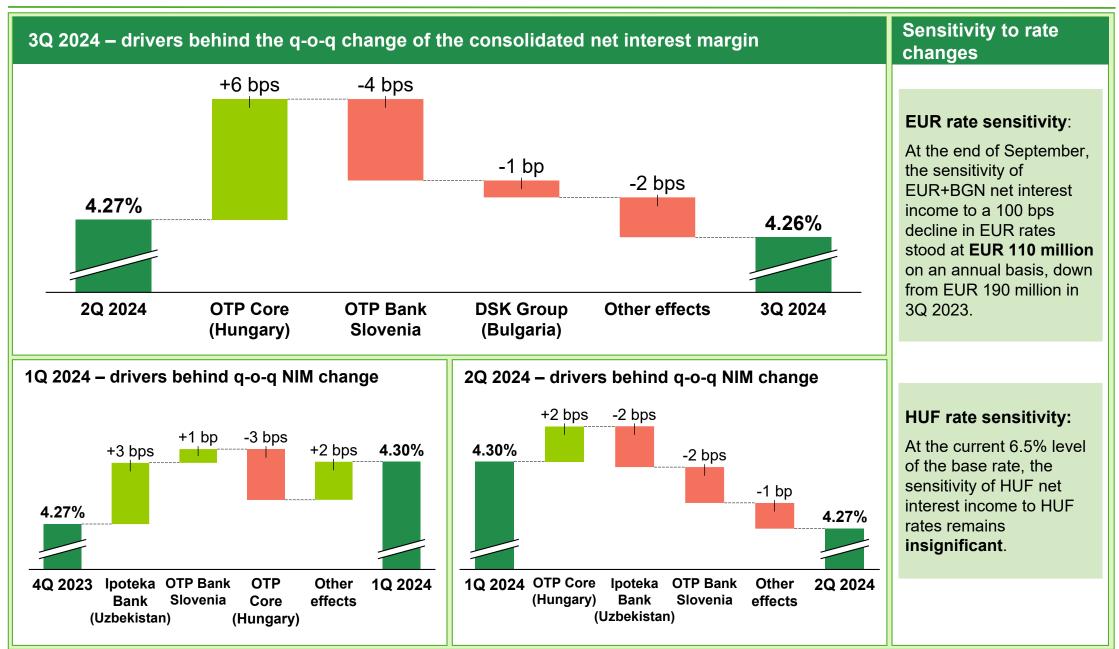
² FX-adjusted changes without the effect of the Ipoteka Bank acquisition and the sale of Romania.

³ FX-adjusted changes without the effect of the sale of Romania.

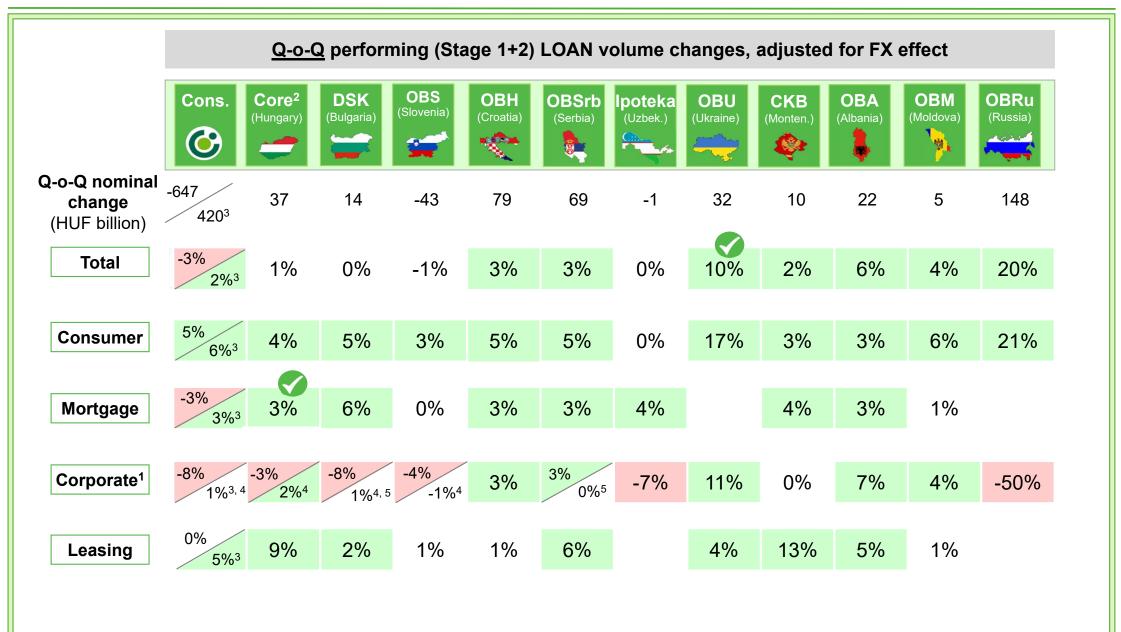
Consolidated NIM picked up by 26 bps y-o-y driven mostly by the improvement in Hungary, which continued into 3Q. The margin in EUR-linked countries continued to erode q-o-q



The consolidated net interest margin remained stable q-o-q as the lower margin in Slovenia and Bulgaria was offset by improving NIM in Hungary. The sensitivity to EUR rate cuts significantly moderated over the past several quarters



Consolidated performing loans increased by 2% q-o-q without the sale of Romania. In Hungary, without the repayment of a large foreign loan, corporate loans increased by 2%, and the dynamic growth of household loans also continued

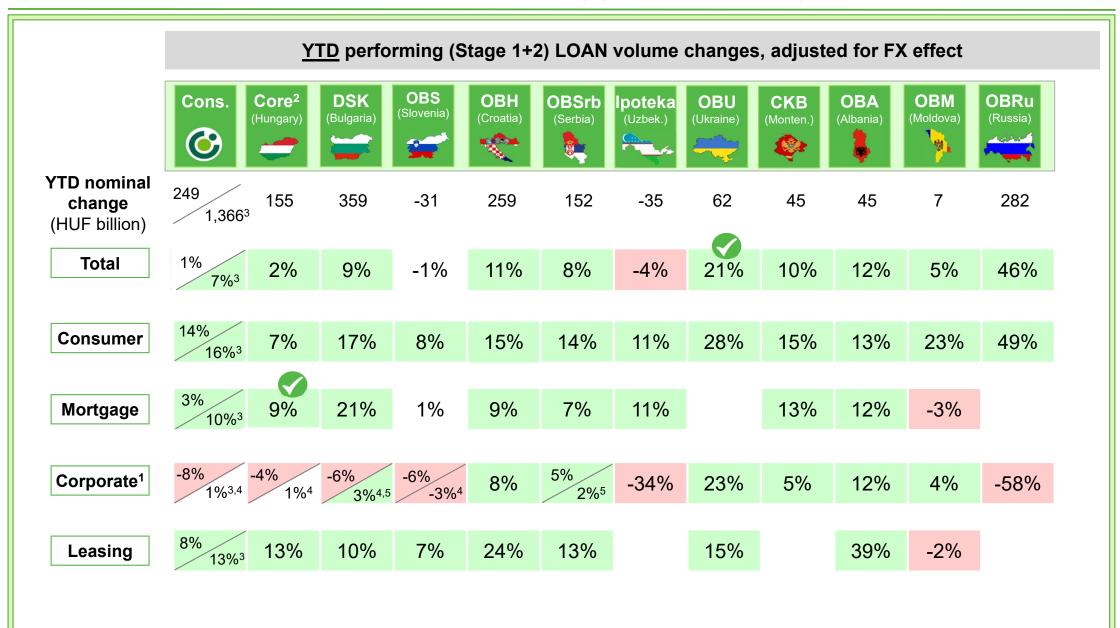


¹Loans to MSE and corporate clients. ² In the Leasing row the leasing volume change applies to Merkantil Group (Hungarian leasing).

³ Without the effect of the sale of Romania. ⁴ Change without the repayment of a large Slovenian corporate loan.

⁵ Without the effect of an intergroup loan transfer from Bulgaria to Serbia.

Consolidated performing loans grew by 7% organically in 1-9M 2024, with strong household and modest corporate loan dynamics. Ukrainian corporate and consumer loans have already grown more than 20% ytd



¹Loans to MSE and corporate clients. ² In the Leasing row the leasing volume change applies to Merkantil Group (Hungarian leasing).

³ Without the effect of the sale of Romania. ⁴ Change without the repayment of a large Slovenian corporate loan.

⁵ Without the effect of an intergroup loan transfer from Bulgaria to Serbia.

Consolidated customer deposits grew by 2% q-o-q organically. The stock of Hungarian retail deposits remained stable

			<u>Q-c</u>	o-Q DEPO	OSIT vol	ume cha	nges, ad	justed fo	or FX-eff	ect		
	Cons.	Core ² (Hungary)	DSK (Bulgaria)	OBS (Slovenia)	OBH (Croatia)	OBSrb (Serbia)	Ipoteka (Uzbek)	OBU (Ukraine)	CKB (Monten.)	OBA (Albania)	OBM (Moldova)	OBRu (Russia)
Q-o-Q nominal change (HUF billion)	-572 503 ³	-142	145	-45	167	33	51	-21	42	11	24	258
Total	-2% 2% ³	-1%	3%	-1%	7%	2%	14%	-3%	8%	2%	8%	18%
Retail	-2% 2% ³	0%	2%	-1%	6%	4%	13%	11%	5%	1%	-3%	11%
Corporate ¹	-2% 2%³	-2%	3%	-1%	7%	0%	15%	-9%	10%	5%	18%	20%



¹ Including MSE, MLE and municipality deposits.

² Including retail bonds.

³ Change without the sale of Romania.

Consolidated customer deposits increased by 5% during the first nine months without the impact of the Romanian sale, matching the dynamics of Hungarian retail deposits. The Uzbek deposit portfolio grew by almost a quarter this year

			<u>Y</u>	<u>TD</u> DEPO	SIT volu	ıme char	nges, adj	usted fo	r FX-effe	ct		
	Cons.	Core ² (Hungary)	DSK (Bulgaria)	OBS (Slovenia)	OBH (Croatia)	OBSrb (Serbia)	Ipoteka (Uzbek.)	OBU (Ukraine)	CKB (Monten.)	OBA (Albania)	OBM (Moldova)	OBRu (Russia)
YTD nominal change (HUF billion)	197 	6	437	-192	208	145	80	-14	31	5	6	577
Total	1% 5% ³	0%	8%	-4%	8%	7%	24%	-2%	6%	1%	2%	53%
Retail	2% 6%³	5%	8%	0%	4%	16%	8%	9%	6%	3%	-12%	10%
Corporate ¹	-1% 3% ³	-4%	9%	-12%	17%	1%	33%	-7%	6%	-7%	16%	68%
Deposits – Net loans gap (HUF billion)	8,097	4,450	1,354	1,731	127	-54	-433	344	75	169	193	824

¹ Including MSE, MLE and municipality deposits.

² Including retail bonds.

³ Change without the sale of Romania.

The 14% y-o-y organic and FX-adjusted growth in net fees was driven mainly by Hungary, however net fees dropped in Hungary in 3Q as the impact of increased financial transaction tax rates kicked in from August



NET INC	FEE DME	9M 2024 (HUF billion)	3Q 2024 (HUF billion)			4 Y-o-Y billion)	3		4 Q-o-Q billion)	1 The 11% y-o-y increase in OTP Core's cumulated net fees and
6	OTP Group	397	137		481 51	15%/14%²	-1 -2	-0	-1%/0%³	commissions was mainly supported by higher volume of deposits and transactions together with card- and
<u> </u>	OTP CORE (Hungary)	161	55		16	11%	-1		-2%	securities-related commissions. In 3Q the q-o-q decrease was due to
	DSK Group (Bulgaria)	61	22		7	13%	,	1	7%	the increase of financial transaction tax rates from 1 August, as only part of the
	OBS (Slovenia)	40	13		8	24%	-2		-12%	extra transaction fee payment obligation could be passed on to
	OBH (Croatia)	22	8		2	11%		1	15%	customers, as it is legally prohibited to pass on the additional levy to retail
	OBSrb (Serbia)	15	5		2	13%	0		-2%	clients till the end of 2024.
	Ipoteka Bank (Uzbekistan)	7	2	0	4	159%/-11% ¹		0	10%	In Bulgaria and Croatia tourism was the key factor in the q-o-q increase of
-	OBU (Ukraine)	6	2	-2		-28%	0		-18%	net fee income.
	CKB Group (Montenegro)	7	3		1	23%	0		0%	In Slovenia the base effect of one-off VISA fee refund amounting to
1	OBA (Albania)	3	2		0	17%		1	96%	HUF 2 billion explained the q-o-q decrease.
7	OBM (Moldova)	2	1		0	7%		0	13%	In Albania net fees almost doubled q-o-q due to items booked in one sum
ners	OBRu (Russia)	38	14		8	27%		1	4%	in the actual period related to already closed periods; without this, net fees
1	OBR (Romania)	3		-1			-2			would have grown by 18% (FX-adj).
	Fund Mgmt. (Hungary)	20	7		6	41% 5	0		-7%	5 At OTP Fund Management 9M net fee income rose by 41% as a result of
	Others	12	4	-1		-6%		0	-5%	the dynamic expansion of assets under management.

¹ Given that Ipoteka Bank's 1H 2023 results were not yet included into the Group, these changes represent Ipoteka Bank's 3Q y-o-y changes. ² FX-adjusted changes without the effect of the Ipoteka Bank acquisition and the sale of Romania.

³ FX-adjusted changes without the effect of the sale of Romania.



Quarterly other income dynamics were largely influenced by the HUF 10.5 billion gain on the sale of the Romanian bank presented on consolidated level, and other larger items booked in Hungary



OTHER INCOME	9M 2024 (HUF billion)	3Q 2024 (HUF billion)	9N		24 Y-o-Y billion)		3Q 2024 Q-o-Q (HUF billion)			
OTP Group	209	94	-30 -40	1	-13%/-18%²		13-9 2	1 29%/17% ³		
OTP CORE (Hungary)	51	21	-77		-60%	-8		-28%		
DSK Group (Bulgaria)	15	5		3	27%		0	2%		
OBS (Slovenia)	4	2		0	0%		1	73%		
OBH (Croatia)	4	2	0		-10%		1	62%		
OBSrb (Serbia)	11	4		4	53%		0	1%		
Ipoteka Bank (Uzbekistan)	5	1	1	4	192%¹		0	18%		
OBU (Ukraine)	1	1	-3		-73%		1	-735%		
CKB Group (Montenegro)	1	0		0	21%		0	137%		
OBA (Albania)	2	1		0	30%		0	26%		
OBM (Moldova)	6	3		2	46%		1	64%		
OBRu (Russia)	66	29		22	50%		8	37%		
OBR (Romania)	4		-3			-2				
Others	40	26		18	85%		19	287%		

The y-o-y HUF 77 billion decline in **OTP Core**'s other income was largely the attributable to fair value of baby adiustments loans and CSOK housing subsidized loans (-HUF 50 billion y-o-y effect) as well as the base effect of the recovery on Sberbank Hungary default in 2023 (-HUF 11 billion effect).

In 3Q the HUF 8 billion q-o-q decrease was due to the joint effect of HUF 11 billion higher FVA on subsidized household loans, -HUF 10 billion effect of the dividend income from MOL Plc. realized in 2Q, and other items such as the one-off negative P&L effect of the redemption of subordinated bonds in July (-HUF 2 billion).

The HUF 10.5 billion one-off effect of the sale of Romania was presented on consolidated level, as part of the Others line. Secondly, the FVA on private equity funds managed by PortfoLion was HUF 4 billion higher q-o-q. Thirdly, HUF 3.5 billion q-o-q growth was attributable to the completion of two larger residential construction projects by OTP Real Estate (Hungary).

¹ Given that Ipoteka Bank's 1H 2023 results were not yet included into the Group, these changes represent Ipoteka Bank's 3Q y-o-y changes.

² FX-adjusted changes without the effect of the Ipoteka Bank acquisition and the sale of Romania, as well as the HUF 10.5 billion one-off other income occurred in 3Q due to the Romanian deconsolidation. ³ FX-adjusted changes without the effect of the sale of Romania and the HUF 10.5 billion one-off.



FX-adjusted operating costs increased by 13% y-o-y without inorganic effects



OPE	RATING COSTS	9M 2024 (HUF billion)		Y-o (HUF b		,	Y-o-Y, FX- (HUF b	•	At OTP Core the 8% y-o-y growth was driven by:
6	OTP Group	791		88 ¹ 98	14%/ 14% ¹		861 96	14%/ 13% ¹	■ 7% increase in personnel expenses;
	OTP CORE (Hungary)	320		23	8%		23	8%	■ 30% increase in depreciation stemming from higher software depreciation;
	DSK Group (Bulgaria)	89		15	21%		14	18% (2)	■ Other expenses grew by 2% y-o-y, largely because the decline in fees paid
•	OBS (Slovenia)	79		19	32%		18	29%	to the Deposit Insurance Fund almost completely offset the increase in IT and marketing costs, as well as expert fees.
	OBH (Croatia)	48		6	15%		5	12%	marketing costs, as well as expert lees.
	OBSrb (Serbia)	41		4	12%		3	9%	2 At DSK Group costs grew by 18% y-o-y,
	Ipoteka (Uzbekistan)	32		22	-		22	-	which was driven by strong underlying wage inflation and higher IT costs related to the on-going transformation of the bank's
	OBU (Ukraine)	24		1	6%		3	12%	operation.
\$	CKB Group (Montenegro)	13		2	20%		2	17%	3 In Slovenia the 29% cost growth was
1	OBA (Albania)	12	0		-3%	-2		-13%	driven by higher IT costs related to the merger and the increasing charges paid to
· War	OBM (Moldova)	10		1	13%		1	7%	supervisory authorities. In addition, personnel expenses also increased in the
ners	OBRu (Russia)	65		12	23%		16	32%	wake of salary hikes.
40.	OBR (Romania)	24	-11			-11			4 In Albania the cost savings were driven
	Merkantil (Hungary)	11		2	17%		2	17%	by the synergies extracted from the merger concluded at the end of 2022.
	Others	23		2	8%		2	8%	

¹ Changes without the effect of the Ipoteka Bank acquisition and the sale of Romania.



Consolidated risk costs decreased q-o-q partly due to lower impairments on Russian bonds. Uzbek risk costs were close to zero in 3Q due to positive one-offs

тот	AL RISK COST	2023 (HUF billion)	2023 credit risk cost rate¹	2Q 2024 (HUF billion)	3Q 2024 (HUF billion)	9M 2024 (HUF billion)	9M 2024 credit risk cost rate¹
©	OTP Group	-87	0.34%	-46	-27	-66	0.18%
	OTP CORE (Hungary)	-1	0.17%	-39	0	-24	-0.20%
\(\tau_{\text{st}}\)	DSK Group (Bulgaria)	3	-0.07%	-1	-9	-12	0.27%
***	OBS (Slovenia)	-12	0.09%	-1	-1	-3	0.18%
	OBH (Croatia)	-1	-0.03%	0	1	7	-0.53%
	OBSrb (Serbia)	-14	0.57%	0	-1	1	-0.05%
	Ipoteka Bank (Uzbekistan)	-52	10.03%	-2	0	-10	1.30%
	OBU (Ukraine)	4	-2.38%	-2	3	5	-2.15%
*	CKB Group (Montenegro)	2	-0.67%	0	1	0	-0.28%
1	OBA (Albania)	0	-0.03%	0	0	1	-0.12%
	OBM (Moldova)	3	-2.01%	0	1	1	-0.92%
nëre!	OBRu (Russia)	-19	2.38%	-8	-17	-33	5.15%
4	OBR (Romania)	3	-0.24%	-3		-5	0.77%
	Merkantil (Hungary)	-4	0.80%	0	-1	-1	0.30%

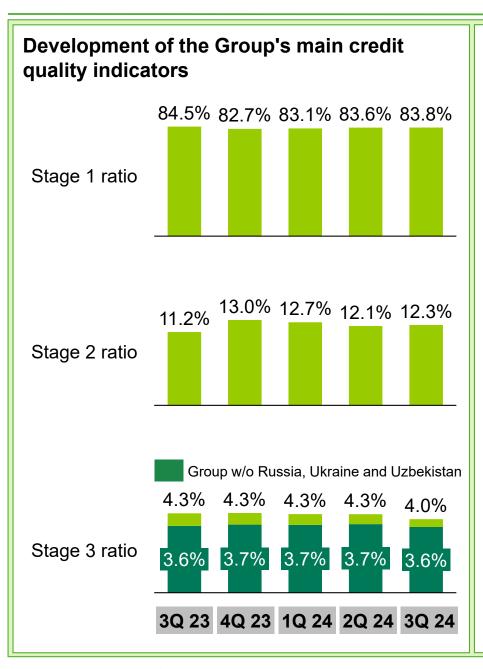
- 1) At **OTP Core** risk costs were 0 in 3Q. On one hand, the revision of IFRS 9 model parameters resulted in a release HUF 8 billion. On the other hand, altogether HUF 7 billion other risk cost was booked in order to increase the coverage on Russian bonds and due to the growing government bond portfolio.
- 2 In **Bulgaria** the Stage 2 ratio went up q-o-q in the consumer and corporate segments, entailing extra provisioning and resulting in higher coverage of Stage 2 loans. On the other risk cost line, HUF 1.3 billion impairment was created for Russian bonds.
- 3 **Uzbek** risk costs were zero in 3Q, explained by several items resulting in +HUF 6.3 billion effect on risk costs:
- recovery of a Stage 3 corporate loan: +HUF 4.4 billion risk cost effect;
- as for exposures with 0 book value under local GAAP, but >0 book value under IFRS, impairments were released on the previously not suspended, accrued interest income (recognized through increasing exposure): +HUF 5.6 billion;
- HUF 3.7 billion provision was created on a single large corporate exposure.

In **Russia** the increasing risk cost related to the increasing loan balances.

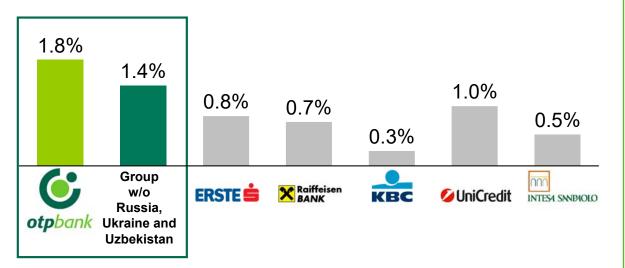
¹ A credit risk cost rate (defined as provision for impairment on loan and placement losses / average gross customer loans) with negative sign is consistent with positive credit risk costs, i.e. releases.



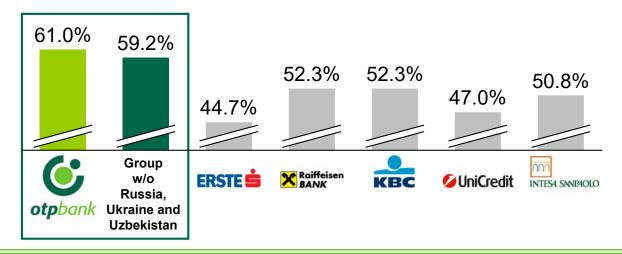
The Stage 3 ratio decreased to 4%. Provisioning policy remained conservative compared to regional peers



Own coverage of Stage 1+2 loans compared to regional peers at the end of 3Q 2024



Own coverage of Stage 3 loans compared to regional peers at the end of 3Q 2024





Development of the Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3 ratios

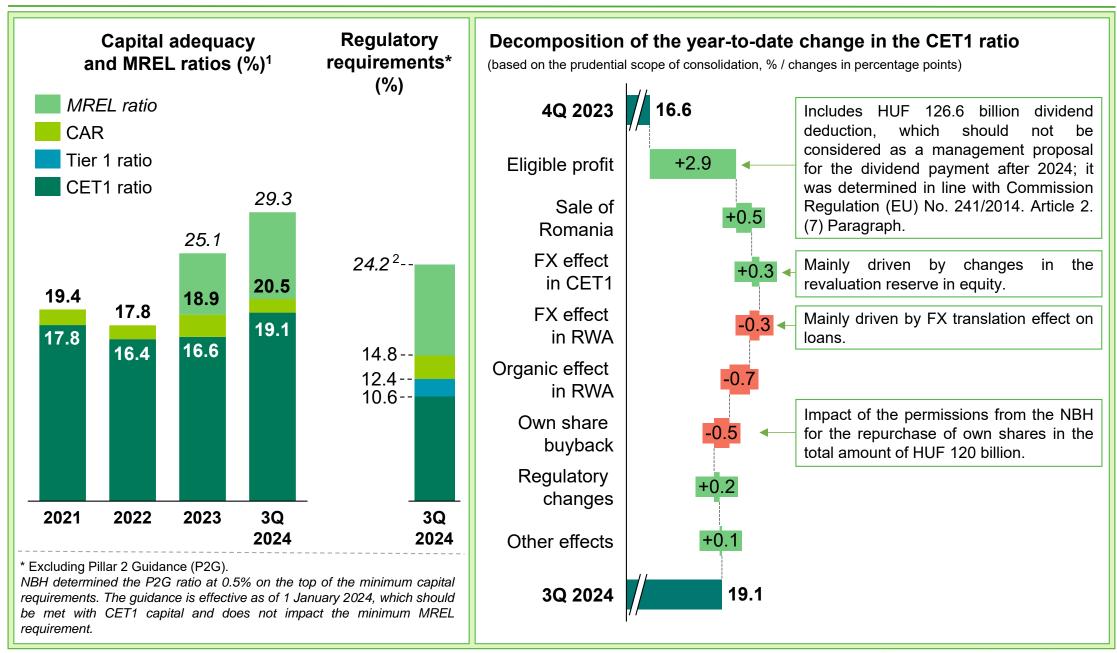
		Cons.	Core (Hungary)	DSK (Bulgaria)	OBS (Slovenia)	OBH (Croatia)	OBSrb (Serbia)	Ipoteka (Uzbek.)	OBU (Ukraine)	CKB (Monten.)	OBA (Albania)	OBM (Moldova)	OBRu (Russia)	Merk. (Hung. leasing)
	4Q 21	81.5%	78.0%	84.0%	86.0%	80.0%	89.9%	-	87.1%	76.7%	87.0%	91.9%	76.5%	75.3%
Stage 1	<u>4Q 22</u>	83.4%	83.6%	88.6%	88.2%	83.3%	86.6%	-	41.4%	87.0%	85.8%	81.2%	72.7%	85.2%
ratio ¹	<u>4Q 23</u>	82.7%	80.5%	85.7%	89.9%	83.6%	84.0%	71.5%	53.0%	88.4%	84.9%	84.9%	70.7%	90.4%
	<u>3Q 24</u>	83.8%	82.1%	86.7%	85.8%	85.6%	85.5%	66.8%	70.7%	90.5%	86.8%	86.9%	75.9%	91.2%
	<u>4Q 21</u>	13.2%	17.4%	9.8%	12.7%	12.1%	7.2%	-	6.6%	16.3%	9.7%	6.2%	12.1%	21.8%
Stage 2	<u>4Q 22</u>	11.6%	11.5%	7.8%	10.6%	11.7%	10.9%	-	40.5%	8.1%	9.3%	16.0%	11.6%	12.1%
ratio ¹	<u>4Q 23</u>	13.0%	15.5%	12.0%	8.5%	12.5%	13.1%	16.6%	25.4%	7.4%	8.9%	11.2%	15.8%	7.2%
	<u>3Q 24</u>	12.3%	13.7%	11.2%	12.3%	11.2%	11.7%	18.9%	16.4%	5.9%	7.7%	9.7%	14.5%	6.5%
	<u>4Q 21</u>	5.3%	4.6%	6.2%	1.3%	8.0%	2.9%	-	6.3%	7.0%	3.3%	1.8%	11.4%	2.9%
Stage 3	4Q 22	4.9%	4.9%	3.5%	1.2%	4.9%	2.5%	-	18.1%	4.9%	4.9%	2.8%	15.7%	2.7%
ratio ¹	<u>4Q 23</u>	4.3%	4.0%	2.4%	1.6%	3.9%	2.9%	11.9%	21.7%	4.2%	6.2%	3.9%	13.5%	2.4%
	<u>3Q 24</u>	4.0%	4.2%	2.1%	1.9%	3.1%	2.7%	14.3%	12.9%	3.5%	5.5%	3.4%	9.6%	2.3%

¹ In % of total gross loans.

Development of the own provision coverage ratios in different Stage categories

		Cons.	Core (Hungary)	DSK (Bulgaria)	OBS (Slovenia)	OBH (Croatia)	OBSrb (Serbia)	Ipoteka (Uzbek.)	OBU (Ukraine)	CKB (Monten.)	OBA (Albania)	OBM (Moldova)	OBRu (Russia)	Merk. (Hung. leasing)
		©										W.		
	<u>4Q 21</u>	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	0.3%	0.6%	0.7%	-	1.9%	1.0%	1.2%	1.3%	3.8%	0.4%
Stage 1 own	<u>4Q 22</u>	1.0%	0.8%	1.1%	0.2%	0.5%	0.9%	-	2.1%	1.2%	1.0%	2.3%	5.1%	0.4%
coverage	<u>4Q 23</u>	0.9%	0.8%	0.7%	0.3%	0.6%	0.7%	2.7%	1.9%	0.8%	0.9%	1.3%	3.0%	0.8%
	<u>3Q 24</u>	0.7%	0.5%	0.7%	0.2%	0.5%	0.7%	2.7%	2.5%	0.7%	0.9%	1.3%	2.9%	0.8%
	40.21	10.0%	8.9%	15.5%	5.0%	5.9%	6.1%		18.5%	6.5%	11.4%	13.6%	31.1%	5.3%
Stage 2	4Q 21	10.0%	8.6%	16.0%	2.4%	5.9% 7.3%	7.0%	-	18.1%	8.9%	9.4%	18.3%	31.1%	5.5% 4.5%
own	4Q 22							-						
Coverage	4Q 23	9.2%	7.8%	9.3%	3.4%	7.6%	6.7%	21.6%	14.4%	5.1%	8.2%	11.7%	22.7%	7.0%
	<u>3Q 24</u>	8.9%	7.3%	9.6%	4.4%	6.7%	6.1%	19.9%	12.7%	4.4%	7.6%	10.8%	22.3%	6.5%
	4Q 21	2.3%	2.5%	2.5%	0.9%	1.3%	1.1%	-	3.0%	1.9%	2.3%	2.1%	7.5%	1.5%
Stage 1+2	4Q 22	2.2%	1.8%	2.3%	0.4%	1.4%	1.6%	-	10.0%	1.8%	1.8%	5.0%	8.8%	1.0%
own Coverage	<u>4Q 23</u>	2.0%	1.9%	1.8%	0.6%	1.5%	1.5%	6.3%	5.9%	1.1%	1.6%	2.5%	6.6%	1.3%
	<u>3Q 24</u>	1.8%	1.5%	1.7%	0.8%	1.2%	1.4%	6.5%	4.4%	0.9%	1.5%	2.3%	6.0%	1.2%
Store 2	<u>4Q 21</u>	60.5%	42.7%	68.2%	56.1%	61.4%	53.6%	-	69.6%	66.0%	73.3%	54.3%	95.1%	60.0%
Stage 3 own	4Q 22	61.0%	43.2%	60.2%	68.4%	70.6%	59.8%	-	75.3%	64.4%	54.4%	61.3%	93.6%	53.1%
Coverage	<u>4Q 23</u>	60.8%	55.9%	57.1%	41.4%	72.0%	63.8%	38.0%	77.9%	67.2%	53.3%	60.1%	95.0%	44.1%
	<u>3Q 24</u>	61.0%	56.7%	58.2%	45.6%	75.6%	65.5%	40.5%	72.5%	70.2%	54.0%	51.9%	95.9%	44.8%

The CET1 ratio improved in the first nine months thanks to strong underlying capital generating capability and the sale of OTP Bank Romania (+53 bps)

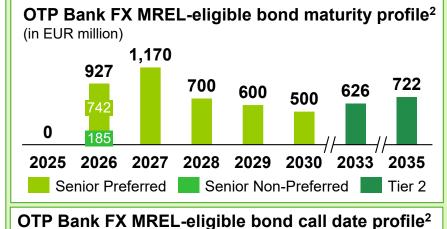


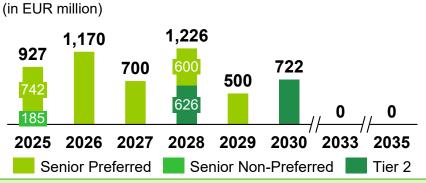
¹ Indicators are calculated based on the prudential scope of consolidation. In case of the MREL ratio, the calculation is based on OTP Bank Resolution Group's figures. In the absence of additional core capital (AT1), the Tier 1 rate is the same as the CET1 rate. ² MREL ratio: sum of the minimum requirement (18.94% of OTP Bank Resolution Group's RWA) determined by the Joint Decision of the Resolution College effective from 01/01/2024 and the Combined Buffer Requirement.



Robust liquidity position: 73% net loan to deposit ratio, 231% LCR, 154% NSFR and relatively benign redemption profile

OTP Bank outstanding FX wholesale bonds Issued Amt. / **Actual** Issue **Maturity** Issuance **External** Instrument Call Date **Date** Date Coupon Currency obligation¹ (in mn) 30/01/2025 Tier 2 30/01-30/07/2030 30/07/2035 7.300% USD 750 / 750 SP 16/10/2024 16/10/2029 16/10/2030 4.250% **EUR** 500 / 500 SP 4.100% **CNY** 300 / 300 31/07/2024 31/07/2026 31/07/2027 12/06/2024 SP 12/06/2027 12/06/2028 4.750% **EUR** 700 / 700 31/01/2024 SP 31/01/2028 31/01/2029 5.000% **EUR** 600 / 598 22/12/2023 SNP 22/06/2025 6.100% **EUR** 75 / 75 22/06/2026 13/10/2023 SP 13/10/2025 13/10/2026 8.100% RON 170 / 170 SP 05/10/2023 05/10/2026 05/10/2027 6.125% **EUR** 650 / 648 7.500% 27/06/2023 SNP 27/06/2025 27/06/2026 **EUR** 110 / 110 SP 25/05/2026 25/05/2027 7.500% USD 500 / 499 25/05/2023 15/02-15/05/2028 8.750% USD 15/02/2023 Tier 2 15/05/2033 650 / 649 SP / 04/03/2025 04/03/2026 7.350% **EUR** 650 / 647 01/12/2022 SP 29/09/2025 29/09/2026 7.250% USD 60 / 60 29/09/2022 redemption amt. 400 13/07/2022 SP 13/07/2024 called in July '24 5.500% **EUR** 15/07/2019 15/07/2024 called in July '24 2.875% **EUR** redemption amt. 500 Tier 2 **EUR** 07/11/2006 Tier 2 07/02/2025 called in Feb '25 6.788% 500 / 228





Major ratios suggest strong liquidity position

3Q 2024	otpbank	KBC	ERSTE 📥	Raiffeisen BANK	INTESA SANDAOLO	UniCredit
Net Loan / Deposit Ratio (%)	73	89	89	84	72	88
Basel III Leverage Ratio (%)	10.6	5.7	7.1	7.8	6.0	5.6
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR, %)	231	159	158	196	162 ⁴	c.140
Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR, %)	154	142	144 ³	121	122 ⁵	>125



¹ Consolidated external obligation as of 30 Sept. 2024, except for the bond issued afterwards, where issued notional is shown. ² Based on issued notional converted at 7 February 2025 exchange rates; year 2025 refers to the period between 08/02/2025 and 31/12/2025 ³ Aug 2024 data. ⁴ Average for the last 12 months ⁵ Preliminary figures.



OTP Bank ratings closely correlate with the sovereign ceilings

Hungarian sovereign, OTP Bank and OTP Mortgage Bank ratings Moody's S&P / Scope Moody's S&P Moody's Scope **A1** A2 Α Moody's Hungary rating Baa2 Scope Hungary rating BBB **A3** A-Baa1 BBB+ Baa2 BBB Baa3 BBB-Ba1 BB+ S&P Hungary rating BBB-Ba2 BB Ba3 BB-**B1** B+ B2 В **B3** B-OTP Bank / OTP OTP Mortgage Bank OTP Bank OTP Bank Covered Bond Rating Counterparty Risk Rating / Mortgage Bank Issuer Rating / Deposits Rating Issuer Credit Rating Senior Unsecured Bond Long-term credit ratings of OTP Group member banks Moody's Scope S&P **OTP Bank** BBB-BBB+ Counterparty Rating¹ BBB-Baa1 Deposits Baa1 Senior Preferred Bonds BBB-Baa3 BBB+ Non-preferred Senior Bonds **BBB** Tier 2 Bonds (with maturity) Ba2 BB BB+ **OTP Mortgage Bank** BBB-Baa3 Counterparty Rating¹ BBB-Baa1 Covered Bonds² Α1

Composition of main	n ratings	by Moody's and S&	ιP				
Moody's		S&P					
Macro Factors		Macro Factors					
Weighted Macro Profile	Moderate-	Anchor	bbb-				
Financial Profile		Bank-Specific Factors					
Combined Solvency Score Combined Liquidity Score	ba1 baa3	Business position Capital and earnings	+1				
Financial Profile	ba1	Risk position Funding and liquidity	-1 +1				
Qualitative Adjustments & S	Support	Stand-Alone Credit Profile	bbb				
Total qualitative adjustment & Support	0	External Support					
Adjusted BCA	ba1	Total support	0				
Loss Given Failure (LGF) A	nalysis	Additional Factors					
Counterparty Risk / Deposits Senior unsecured	+3	Additional factors	-1				
Government support cons	derations	Issuer Credit Rating	BBB-				
Senior unsecured	+1	Senior Preferred Notes	BBB-				
Counterparty Risk Rating / Deposit Rating	Baa1						
Senior Unsecured Rating	Baa3						

¹ Long-term Counterparty Risk Rating for Moody's and long-term Resolution Counterparty Rating for S&P Global.

² Not every covered bond has been assigned a Moody's rating.



The delivery of ESG obligations and goals set by the Bank's ESG strategy is on track according to schedule

ESG RESULTS AND TARGETS 3Q 2024 Actual Long-term KPIs **Building the** Green loans of HUF 1.500 Corporate: HUF 699 billion green loan billion in total by 2025 for the Retail: HUF 174 billion Group portfolio¹ Steady increase in employee Responsible **Employee engagement** engagement, to reach global employer was 72% on group level 75th percentile (in 2023: 78%) **Net carbon neutrality** Reducina Total carbon neutrality by reached in Hungarian own emissions 2030 on Group level operation OTP Bank will become a **Transparent** OTP Bank Plc. is signatory of member of S&P Dow Jones responsibility **UN PRB**; Integrated Report Sustainability Index by 2025 **OTP Bank's actual ESG ratings** SUSTAINALYTICS **SEVERE** HIGH **MEDIUM NEGLI-**ESG risk rating LOW **GIBLE** MSCI (#) **BBB** ESG rating CCC BB BBB ESG rating Moody's 40 ANALYTICS FSG overall score **WEAK** LIMITED ROBUST ADVANCED



42%

Renewable energy

(corporate)



¹ According to OTP Group's internal definition for green loans.

OTP Group's outstanding performance has traditionally been recognized by professional organizations





'Best Bank in CEE 2018 and 2021' 'Best Digital Bank in CEE 2023'

'Best Bank in Hungary 2017, 2018, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023'

'Best Bank in Albania 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023' 'Best Bank in Bulgaria 2024' 'Best Bank in Slovenia 2023'









'Bank of the Year in CEE 2021 and 2022'

'Bank of the Year in Hungary 2020, 2021 and 2022' 'Bank of the Year in Albania in 2022 and 2023' 'Bank of the Year in Croatia in 2023' 'Bank of the Year in Montenegro in 2023' Bank of the Year in Slovenia in 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023'



OTP Bank

'Best Bank in CEE 2024'

'Best Bank in Hungary in 2024' since 2012 in all consecutive vears

'Best Bank in Croatia in 2024' Best Bank in Montenegro in 2024' 'Best Bank in Slovenia in 2024'



'Best Integrated Consumer Banking Site in CEE in 2024' Best User Experience (UX) Design in CEE in 2024' Best Consumer Digital Bank in Hungary in 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023 and 2024'



'Best SME Bank in CEE in 2022' 'Best SME Bank in Hungary in 2022, 2023 and 2024'



'Best Private Bank in **Emerging Markets in 2023** 'Best Private Bank in CEE in 2022, 2023 and 2024' Best Private Bank in Hungary in 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023 and 2024'



'The World's Best Bank for Sustainability Transparency (Global Award) for 2024' The Best bank for Sustainability Transparency in CEE' 'The Best Bank for Sustainable Financing in Emerging Markets in CFF'

'The Best Bank for ESG-Related Loans in CEE'



'Bank of the Year Grand Prize' 'Bank of the Year Main Prize'



'Best Investment Bank in CEE in 2023⁶



'Best FX providers in Hungary in 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023 and 2024' 'Best FX providers in Bulgaria in 2021, 2022, 2023 and 2024' Best FX providers in Serbia in 2023 and 2024'



'Best Private Bank in CEE' 'Best Private Bank in Serbia' 'Best Private Bank in Slovenia' 'Best Private Bank in Ukraine'



'Best Private Bank in Hungary' 'Best Private Bank in CEE for Customer Service'

'OTP LAB has again earned the "Best Financial Innovation Labs" award from Global Finance Magazine in 2024.'



In 2025 economic growth is expected to accelerate in most operating countries

		Hu	ngary			B l	ılgaria		•	si	ovenia	3		Cr	oatia	
	2022	2023	2024F	2025F	2022	2023	2024F	2025F	2022	2023	2024F	2025F	2022	2023	2024F	2025F
GDP growth (annual, %)	4.6	-0.9	0.5	2.0	3.9	1.8	2.3	2.8	2.7	2.1	1.7	2.2	7.0	3.1	3.5	3.0
Unemployment (%)	3.6	4.1	4.5	4.7	5.1	4.3	4.2	4.0	4.0	3.7	3.3	3.1	7.0	6.1	5.4	4.5
Budget balance (as a % of GDP)	-6.2	-6.7	-4.5	- 3.0 ²	-2.8	-3.0	-3.1	-2.6	-3.0	-2.6	-2.2	-2.0	0.1	-0.7	-1.0	-0.5
Inflation (avg. %)	14.5	17.6	3.7	4.0	15.3	9.5	2.8	2.5	9.3	7.2	2.1	3.0	10.7	8.1	2.8	2.3
Reference rate ¹ (eop., %)	16.1	10.3	6.5	6.5	1.4	4.0	3.2	2.1	2.0	4.0	3.1	2.1	2.0	4.0	3.1	2.1
		Se	rbia		C	Uz	zbekist	an		Uk	raine		*	Mo	ontene	gro
	2022	2023	2024F	2025F	2022	2023	2024F	2025F	2022	2023	2024F	2025F	2022	2023	2024F	2025F
GDP growth (annual, %)	2.5	2.5	3.8	4.1	6.0	6.3	6.1	5.3	-28.8	5.3	3.3	5.3	6.4	6.0	3.5	4.9
Unemployment (%)	9.4	9.5	9.0	8.7	8.9	8.4	7.9	7.4	21.0	20.0	17.0	14.0	14.7	14.1	14.0	14.4
Budget balance (as a % of GDP)	-3.1	-2.2	-2.9	-2.9	-4.3	-4.9	-4.5	-4.0	-16.1	-20.4	-21.0	-18.0	-4.3	0.2	-3.5	-5.8
Inflation (avg. %)	11.9	12.1	4.5	3.3	11.4	10.0	9.7	9.0	20.2	12.9	5.8	8.0	13.0	8.6	4.8	4.0
Reference rate ¹ (eop., %)	5.0	6.5	5.5	4.5	15.0	14.0	13.5	12.5	25.0	15.0	13.0	11.0	-	-	-	-
		All	oania		W	M	oldova			Rι	ıssia					
	2022	2023	2024F	2025F	2022	2023	2024F	2025F	2022	2023	2024F	2025F				
GDP growth (annual, %)	4.8	3.9	3.9	3.8	-5.9	0.7	3.3	4.2	-1.2	3.6	3.8	1.5				
Unemployment (%)	11.3	11.2	10.8	10.5	3.1	4.6	4.4	4.3	3.9	3.2	2.7	3.0				
Budget balance (as a % of GDP)	-3.8	-1.3	-1.5	-2.5	-3.3	-5.2	-4.5	-3.5	-2.1	-1.9	-1.1	-0.7				
Inflation (avg. %)	6.7	4.8	2.1	2.3	28.8	14.1	4.7	6.0	13.8	6.0	8.3	6.8				
Reference rate ¹ (eop., %)	2.8	3.25	3.0	3.0	20.0	4.8	3.6	4.1	7.5	16.0	21.0	15.0				

Source: OTP Research Department.

¹ Base rates, except for: Hungary: 3M BUBOR; Croatia and Slovenia: ECB deposit facility rate; Bulgaria: Leonia Plus interbank rate; Albania: 3M Tribor; Moldova: 91 days T-bill. ² Government target.





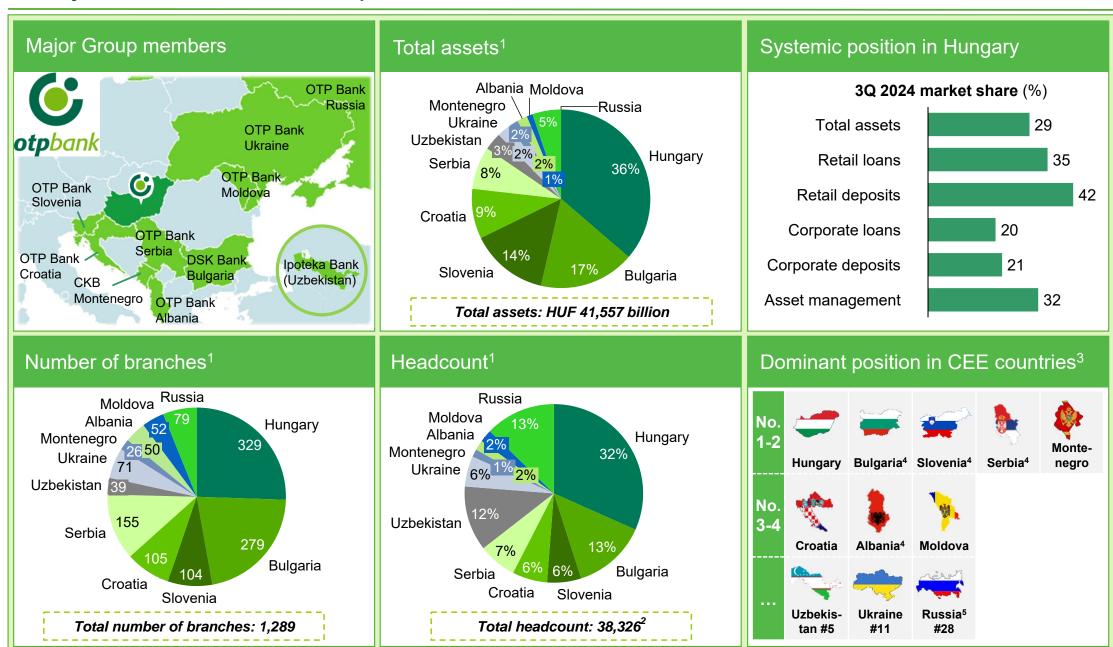
Based on the developments in the first 9 months of 2024, the management reaffirmed its 2024 guidance made in the Half-year Financial Report, accordingly:

- The net interest margin may exceed the 2023 level (3.93%).
- FX-adjusted organic performing loan volume growth may be higher than 6% in 2023.
- The consolidated cost-to-income ratio may be around 45%.
- Portfolio risk profile may be similar to 2023.
- Leverage is expected to decline; therefore, ROE may be lower than in 2023 (27.2%).

Further details and financials



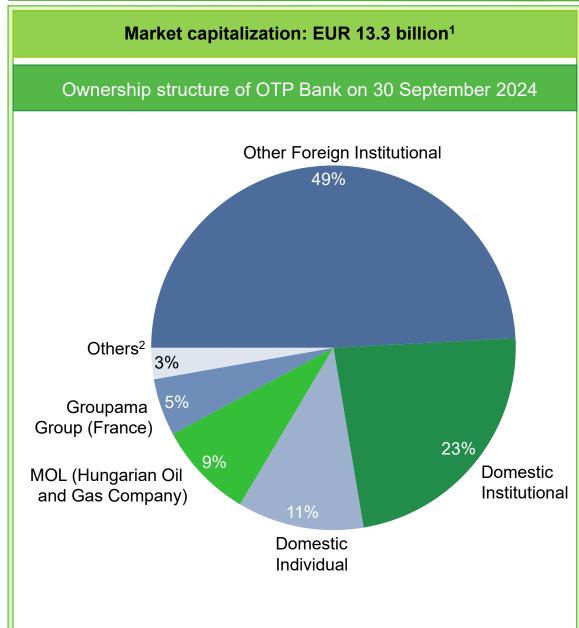
Currently OTP Group provides universal banking services to almost 17 million active customers in 11 countries, in many of them with dominant market position



¹ As at 3Q 2024. ² Excluding selling agents employed at OTP Bank Russia and at OTP Bank Ukraine. ³ Market shares as a % of total assets unless otherwise noted; latest available data; source: National Banks, Banking Associations, Golden books. ⁴ Based on net loans. ⁵ Based on gross loans.



OTP Bank offers a unique investment opportunity to access the CEE banking sector. The Bank is a well-diversified and transparent player without strategic investors

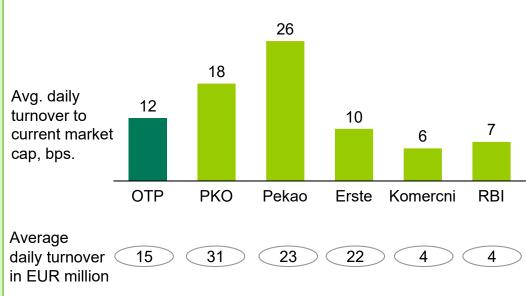


Total number of ordinary shares: 280,000,010, each having a nominal value of HUF 100 and representing the same rights.

Since the IPO in 1995 / 1997, OTP Bank has not raised capital on the market, nor received equity from the state.

No direct state involvement, the Golden Share was abolished in 2007.

OTP is one of the most liquid stocks in a peer group comparison in terms of average daily turnover³

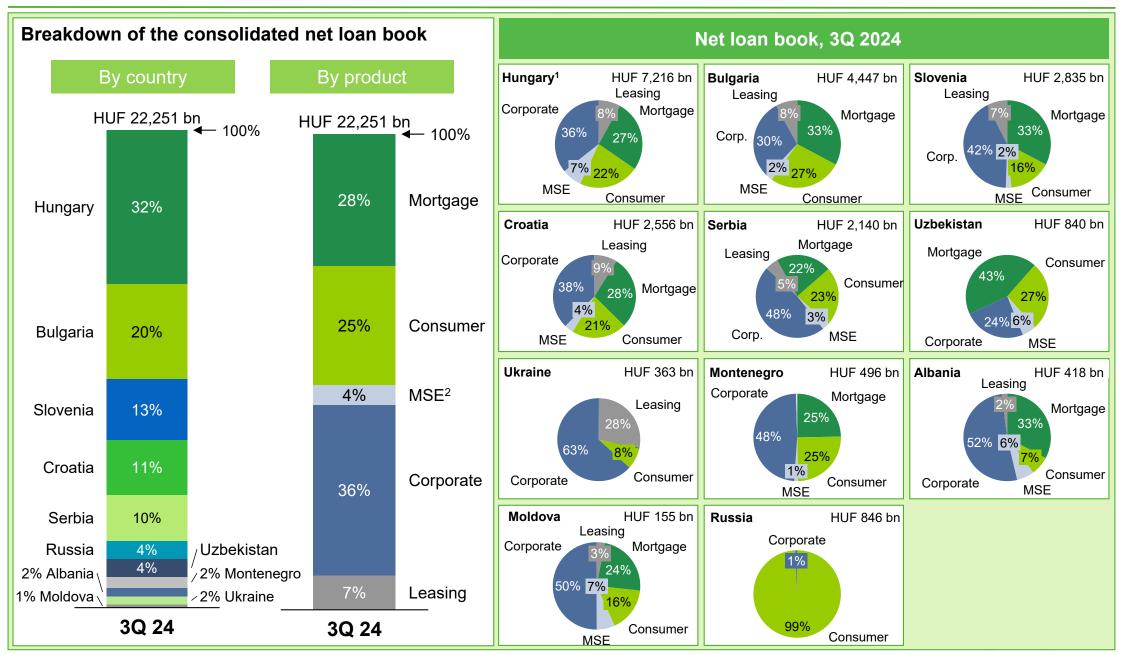




¹ On 6 November 2024.

² Treasury shares, employees & Senior Officers, foreign individuals, international development institutions, government held owner and non-identified shareholders. ³ Based on the last 6M data (end date: 6 November 2024) on the primary stock exchange.

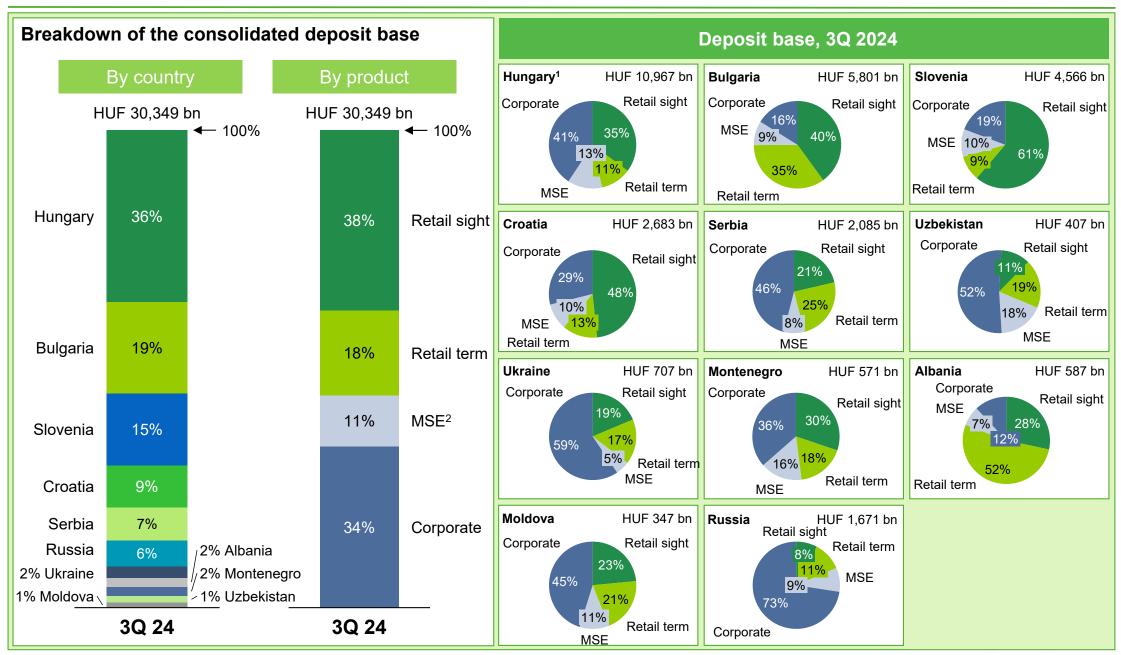
Close to 80% of the total net loan book is invested in EU countries, while Hungary's share within the Group stood at 32%



¹ Including OTP Core and Merkantil Group (Hungarian leasing).

² MSE = micro and small enterprises.

36% of the consolidated deposit book is held in Hungary, while Bulgaria and Slovenia together hold another third. Household volumes account for 56% of the total deposit base



¹ Including OTP Core and Merkantil Group (Hungarian leasing).



² MSE = micro and small enterprises.

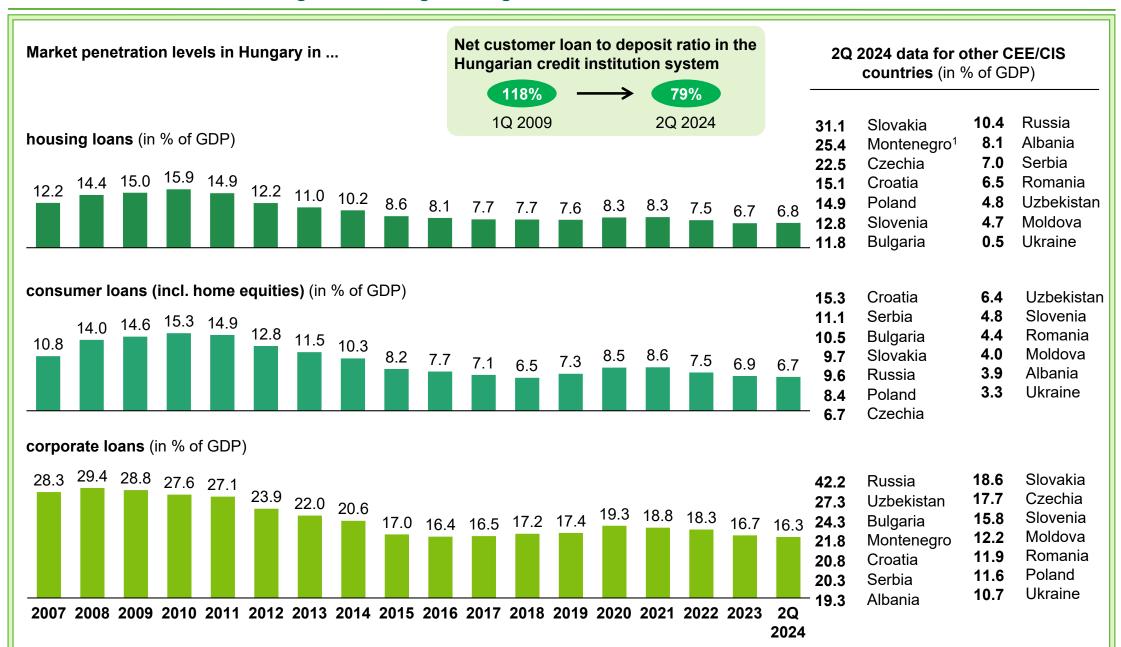
The consolidated ROE was close to 25% in the first nine months of 2024

	2003-2008 average	2009-2013 average	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	9M 2024
ROE	29.4%	8.3%	-7.4%	5.1%	15.4%	18.5%	18.7%	20.3%	10.9%	17.0%	11.0%	27.2%	24.9%
ROE (adjusted)	29.0%	11.6%	8.5%	9.6%	15.4%	18.7%	19.1%	20.6%	13.0%	18.5%	18.8%	24.9%	24.9%
Total Revenue Margin ¹	8.60%	8.17%	7.74%	6.98%	6.79%	6.71%	6.33%	6.28%	5.37%	5.21%	5.31%	6.04%	6.24%
Net Interest Margin ¹	6.02%	6.28%	5.96%	5.12%	4.82%	4.56%	4.30%	4.12%	3.61%	3.51%	3.51%	3.93%	4.28%
Net Fee&Comm. Margin	1.50%	1.47%	1.59%	1.55%	1.62%	1.75%	1.58%	1.65%	1.34%	1.29%	1.27%	1.29%	1.29%
Other income Margin ¹	1.08%	0.41%	0.19%	0.31%	0.35%	0.41%	0.44%	0.52%	0.41%	0.41%	0.53%	0.82%	0.68%
Operating Costs / Average Assets	4.47%	3.80%	3.85%	3.62%	3.70%	3.68%	3.57%	3.31%	2.90%	2.59%	2.53%	2.64%	2.56%
Cost / Income	51.9%	46.5%	49.8%	52.0%	54.4%	54.9%	56.3%	52.7%	54.1%	49.7%	47.6%	43.6%	41.0%
Credit Risk Cost Rate ²	0.90%	3.37%	3.68%	3.18%	1.14%	0.43%	0.23%	0.28%	1.15%	0.30%	0.73%	0.34%	0.18%
CET1 ratio³	9.1%	13.4%	14.0%	13.6%	15.6%	15.4%	16.5%	14.4%	15.4%	17.8%	16.4%	16.6%	19.1%

¹ Excluding one-off items. ² Provision for impairment on loan and placement losses-to-avg. gross loans ratio. ³ Until 2006 calculated from Hungarian Accounting Standard-based unconsolidated figures as 'quasi CET1' divided by RWAs, whereby 'quasi CET1' is calculated as Primary capital less proportional deductions. From 2014, consolidated CET1 ratio is calculated based on the prudential scope of consolidation according to CRR.

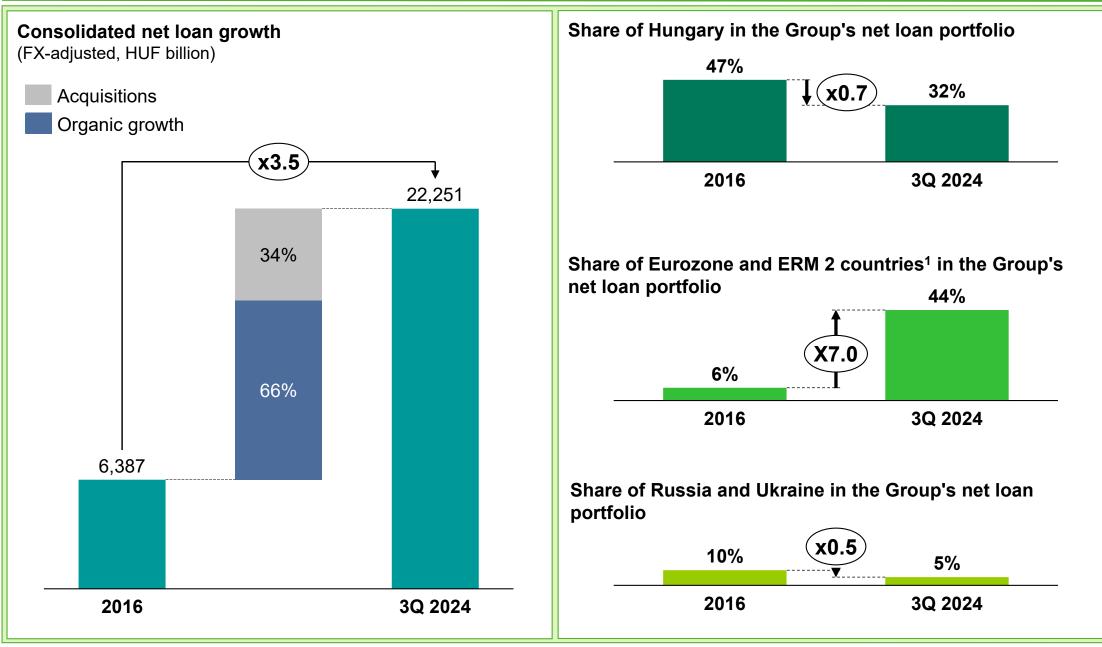


Hungarian loan penetration levels are still low in regional comparison implying good volume growth potential. This is also the case for the Bulgarian housing loan segment



¹ Total households loan penetration.

Successful acquisitions played a great role in the ~3.5-fold growth in consolidated net loan book over the last 8 years. At the same time, the composition of the Group shifted towards Eurozone / ERM 2 countries



¹ 2016: Slovakia, 3Q 2024: Bulgaria, Croatia, Slovenia

In the last 7 years 11 acquisitions were completed. As a result of the Ipoteka Bank acquisition in Uzbekistan, in 2023 OTP Group entered the Central Asian region

Tarç (sell	get ller, date of closing)		Net loans (HUF billion)			t share er acq.¹, %)		Book value (EUR million)
17	Splitska banka, Croatia (SocGen, 2Q 2017)	(Nov 18)	631		4.8	11.2	(4Q 16)	496
2017	Vojvodjanska banka, Serbia (NBG, 4Q 2017)	(1Q 19)	266		1.5	5.7	(3Q 17)	174
	SocGen Expressbank, Bulgaria (SocGen, 1Q 2019)	(1Q 19)	774		14.0	19.9	(4Q 18)	421
	SocGen Albania (SocGen, 1Q 2019)	(1Q 19)	124			6.0	(4Q 18)	58
19	SocGen Moldova (SocGen, 3Q 2019)	(3Q 19)	102			14.0	(4Q 18)	86
2019	SocGen Montenegro (SocGen, 3Q 2019)	(3Q 19)	126		17.6	30.4	(4Q 18)	66
	SocGen Serbia (SocGen, 3Q 2019)	(3Q 19)	716		5.3	13.7	(4Q 18)	381
	SKB Banka, Slovenia (SocGen, 4Q 2019)	(4Q 19)	827			8.5	(4Q 18)	356
2022	Alpha Bank SH.A., Albania (Alpha Intl. Holdings, 3Q 2022)	(4Q 20)	99		6.2	10.9	(4Q 20)	73
23	Nova KBM, Slovenia (Apollo Global & EBRD, 1Q 2023)	(4Q 22)		2,068	8.2	29.3	(4Q 22)	993
2023	Ipoteka Bank, Uzbekistan (Uzbek State, 2Q 2023)	(1Q 23)	981			7.7	(1Q 23)	506
	Acquisitions total:			6,714	4			3,61

¹ Reference date of market share data: Croatia: 2Q 2017, Serbia – Vojvodjanska 4Q 2016, Bulgaria: 1Q 2019, Albania – SocGen: 4Q 2018, Moldova: 2Q 2019, Montenegro: 2Q 2019, Serbia – SocGen 2Q 2019, Slovenia – SKB: 4Q 2018, Albania – Alpha: 3Q 2021, Slovenia – Nova KBM: 4Q 2022, Uzbekistan: July 2023.



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